



ELIZADE UNIVERSITY, ILARA-MOKIN,
ONDO STATE, NIGERIA

DEPARTMENT OF AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERING

FIRST SEMESTER EXAMINATIONS
2020/2021 ACADEMIC SESSION

COURSE: ATE 407 –Dynamics and Control II (3 Units)
CLASS: 400 Level Automotive Engineering
TIME ALLOWED: 3 Hours
INSTRUCTIONS: Answer Any Five Questions

Date: March, 2021

HOD'S SIGNATURE

Question 1 (12 Marks)

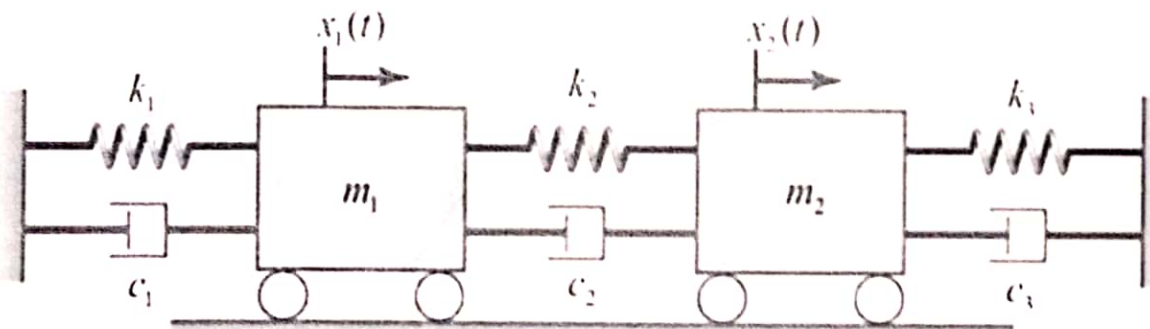
- Differentiate between an electric vehicle and a hybrid electric vehicle
- Distinguish between the parallel and the series-parallel architectures for hybrid-electric vehicles.

Question 2 (12 Marks)

- What are the functions of gears? illustrate pictorially the difference between a simple and a complex gear train.
- In modelling the performance of hybrid electric vehicles, differentiate between torque and speed coupling architectures.
- Describe a framework for the combination of both torque and speed coupling.

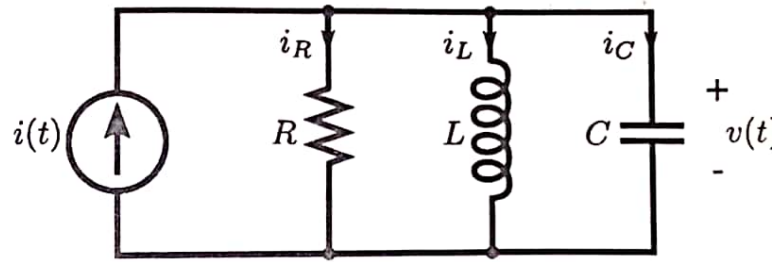
Question 3 (12 Marks)

- Describe the basic elements of a mechanical system and illustrate their associated functionalities.
- Describe the basic elements of an electrical system and illustrate their associated functionalities
- Derive an equation of motion for the system shown. The system consists of two masses (m_1 and m_2) connected by linear springs (k_1 , k_2 and k_3) and viscous dampers (c_1 , c_2 , and c_3)

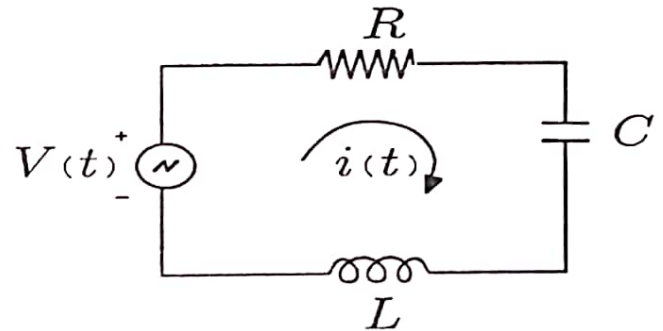


Question 4 (12 Marks)

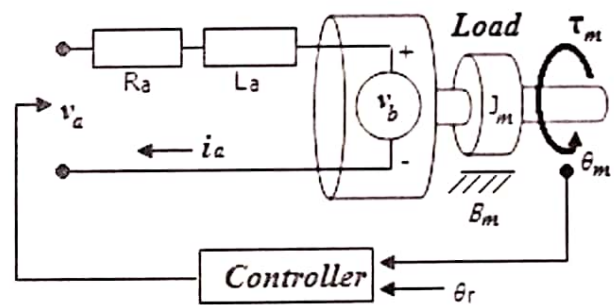
The electronic controller system for charging the battery of a hybrid electric vehicle operates by RLC circuit design shown in the figure. if the current $i(t) = 4A$, is released at time $t = 0$ determine the voltage $v(t)$ across the circuit given that the resistor $R = 1\Omega$, the inductor $L = 1H$ and the capacitor $C = 0.5F$. All initial conditions are zero.

**Question 5 (12 Marks)**

The regenerative braking system of a Tesla is controlled by the circuit shown in the Figure, Find the current $i(t)$ connected to an emf source $V(t) = -220 \sin(87t)$ that is required to charge the battery after deceleration, given that $L = 5H$, $R = 25\Omega$ and $C = 0.014285F$. Assume the current and capacitor charge are zero when $t = 0$.

**Question 6 (12 Marks)**

Determine the transfer function $G(s) = \frac{W_m(s)}{E_a(s)}$ for a DC motor supplying power transmission of a model electric car. $W_m(s)$ is the speed of the shaft and $E_a(s)$ is the input voltage. The given circuit parameters are $R = 0.25\Omega$, the inductor $L = 0.1H$, motor constants K_t and back e.m.f constant K_b are 0.05 N.m/A and 0.08 respectively. The moment of inertia of load $J_m = 6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ kg.m}^2$ and the viscous damping coefficient $B_m = 0.003 \text{ Nm.s}$.

**Question 7 (12 Marks)**

- State 3 features of the traction battery for an electric vehicle.
- State two types of valve regulated lead acid (VRLA) battery.
- Differentiate between voltage and current.
- Name four physical laws that are important to the field of electromechanical modelling.